

## PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET

# Monoclonal antibodies detecting human antigens

FMC-7

FITC RUO REF IQP-557F ♥ 100 tests REF IQP-557F50 ♥ 50 tests

RUO For Research Use Only

**Description** 

Clone FMC-7

**Isotype** murine IgM

**Specificity** FMC-7 recognizes a specific epitope on CD20 a human B cell antigen.

**Antigen distribution** 

FMC-7 is expressed only on a subset of mature B lineage cells, but not plasma cells.

**Summary** The expression of FMC-7 appears to be maturation linked. Upon stimulation of B cells *in vivo* the

expression of the molecule increases. The B cells that get involved in antibody production loose the marker, but in peripheral blood approximately 50% of the B cells carrier the antigen. Expression of the FMC-7 epitope is used to distinguish different types of B cell leukemia's. The antibody aides to the differentiation between PLL and B-CLL, but it is also useful in confirmation of the diagnosis of other disorders such as SLVL, HCL, and HCL-V. During and after treatment

the antibody can help monitoring the effect of therapy in these diseases.

**Usage** All these reagents are effectively formulated for direct immunofluorescent staining of human tissue

for flow cytometric analysis using  $10~\mu L/10^6$  leukocytes for singles and  $20~\mu L/10^6$  leukocytes in case of dual and triple combinations. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent

to obtain optimal results.

**Applications** FMC-7 can be applied in flow cytometry for analysis of blood samples or in

immunohistochemistry on frozen sections. FMC-7 is suitable for use in immunohistochemistry

and flow cytometry for the staining of a subpopulation B cells.

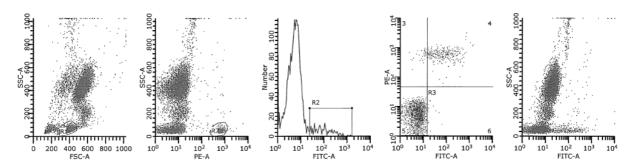
**HLDA Workshop** 

Not applicable.

Rep<mark>resentative Data</mark>

The reactivity of FMC-7 FITC monoclonal antibodies is tested in combination with CD19 R-PE. Direct staining was performed using  $10~\mu l$  of each antibody and  $100~\mu l$  blood sample.

# bright fluorescence



### **Limitations**

- 1. Conjugates with brighter fluorochromes, like PE and APC, will have a greater separation than those with dyes like FITC and CyQ. When populations overlap, the percentage of positive cells using a selected marker can be affected by the choice of fluorescent label.
- 2. Use of monoclonal antibodies in patient treatment can interfere with antigen target recognition by this reagent. This should be taken into account when samples are analyzed from patients treated in this fashion. IQ Products has not characterized the effect of the presence of therapeutic antibodies on the performance of this reagent.
- 3. Reagents can be used in different combinations, therefore laboratories need to become familiar performance characteristics of each antibody in relation with the combined markers in normal and abnormal samples.
- 4. Reagent data performance is based on EDTA-treated blood. Reagent performance can be affected by the use of other anticoagulants.

# Reagents and materials required but not supplied

- 1. Flow cytometer
- 2. Flow cytometry disposable 12 x 75-mm capped polystyrene test tubes
- 3. Micropipette with disposable tips
- 4. Vortex mixer
- 5. Centrifuge
- 6. IQ Lyse erythrocyte lysing solution (IQP-199)
- 7. IQ Starfiqs fixation and permeabilization solution (IQP-200)
- 8. PBS (phosphate-buffered saline)
- 9. 1% paraformaldehyde solution in PBS (store at 2 to 8 °C in amber glass for up to 1 week)

# Immunofluorescence staining and lysing protocol

## - A - Flow cytometry method for use with purified monoclonal antibodies

- 1. Add 100 µl of EDTA-treated blood (i.e. approx. 10<sup>6</sup> leukocytes) to a 5 ml reagent tube. The content of one tube is sufficient to perform one test.
- 2. Add to each tube 10 µl of purified monoclonal antibody\*. Vortex the tube to ensure thorough mixing of antibody and cells.
- 3. Incubate the tube for 15 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- 4. Wash the labeled cells by adding 2 ml of PBS containing 0.001% ( $^{v}/_{v}$ ) Heparin, vortexing and centrifuging (2 min  $1000 \times g$ .) and discard the supernatant.
- 5. Add 50 µl of 1:10 dilution of IQ Products F(ab)<sub>2</sub> Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG fluorescent conjugate, [FITC (IQP-190F); R-PE (IQP-190R)] in PBS containing 0.001% (<sup>v</sup>/<sub>v</sub>) Heparin to the tube. It is recommended that the tube is protected from light.
- 6. Mix by vortexing and incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- 7. Add 100  $\mu$ l of IQ Lyse (IQP-199 ready-to-use) and mix immediately.
- 8. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- 9. Add 2 ml of demineralized water and incubate for 10 minutes in the dark.
- 10. Centrifuge the labeled cell suspension for 2 minutes at 1000 x g.
- 11. Remove the supernatant and resuspend the cells in 200 µl of PBS.\*\*
- 12. Analyze by flow cytometry within four hours (alternatively, the cells may be fixed by 0.05% of formaline in buffered saline for analysis the next day. Some antigens are readily destroyed upon fixation and this should be taken into account when using this alternative).

# - B - Flow cytometry method for use with labeled (FITC, R-PE, CyQ or APC) monoclonal antibodies

- 1. Add 100  $\mu$ l of EDTA-treated blood (i.e. approx.  $10^6$  leukocytes) to a 5 ml reagent tube. The content of one tube is sufficient to perform one test.
- 2. Add to each tube 10  $\mu$ l of labeled monoclonal antibody\*. Vortex the tube to ensure thorough mixing of antibody and cells.
- 3. Incubate the tube for 15 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- 4. Add 100 μl of IQ Lyse (IQP-199 ready-to-use) and mix immediately.
- 5. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- 6. Add 2 ml of demineralized water and incubate for 10 minutes in the dark.
- 7. Centrifuge the labeled cell suspension for 2 minutes at 1000 x g.
- 8. Remove the supernatant and resuspend the cells in 200 µl of PBS.\*\*
- 9. Analyze by flow cytometry within four hours (alternatively, the cells may be fixed by 0.05% of formaline in buffered saline for analysis the next day. Some antigens are readily destroyed upon fixation and this should be taken into account when using this alternative).

## - C - Flow cytometry method for use with dual and triple combinations

1. Add 100  $\mu$ l of EDTA-treated blood (i.e. approx.  $10^6$  leukocytes) to a 5 ml reagent tube. The content of one tube is sufficient to perform one test.

# For combinations with anti-kappa and/or anti-lambda Ig see application note below.

- 2. Add to each tube 20 µl of labeled monoclonal antibody combination\*.
- 3. Vortex the tube to ensure thorough mixing of antibody and cells.
- 4. Incubate the tube for 15 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- 5. Add 100 µl of IQ Lyse (IQP-199 ready-to-use) and mix immediately.
- 6. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature in the dark.
- 7. Add 2 ml of demineralized water and incubate for 10 minutes in the dark.
- 8. Centrifuge the labeled cell suspension for 2 minutes at  $1000 \times g$ .
- 9. Remove the supernatant and resuspend the cells in 200 µl of PBS.\*\*
- 10. Analyze by flow cytometry within four hours (alternatively, the cells may be fixed by 0.05% of formaline in buffered saline for analysis the next day. Some antigens are readily destroyed upon fixation and this should be taken into account when using this alternative).

\* Appropriate mouse Ig isotype control samples should always be included in any labeling study \*\* PBS: Phosphate Buffered Saline, pH 7.2

## Application note for anti-kappa and/or anti-lambda Ig combinations

Add 2 ml of PBS containing 0.001% (v/v) Heparin (**prewarmed to 37 °C**) to the cell suspension Vortex, centrifuge (2 min at 300x g) and discard the supernatant Repeat this step twice

Resuspend the pelleted blood cells in 100 µl PBS containing 0.001% (v/v) Heparin

# **△ ♦ ∤ \*** □

## Handling and Storage

Antibodies are supplied either as 100 tests per vial (1 ml) resp. 50 tests per vial (0.5 ml) for singles, or 50 tests per vial (1 ml) for dual and triple combinations. They are supplied in 0.01 M sodium phosphate, 0.15 M NaCl; pH 7.3, 0.2% BSA, 0.09% sodiumazide (NaN<sub>3</sub>). Store the vials at 2-8 °C. Monoclonal antibodies should be protected from prolonged exposure to light. Reagents are stable for the period shown on the vial label when stored properly.

### Warranty

Products sold hereunder are warranted only to conform to the quantity and contents stated on the label at the time of delivery to the customer. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond the description on the label of the product. IQ Products is not liable for property damage, personal injury, or economic loss caused by the product.

### Characterization.

To ensure consistently high-quality reagents, each batch of monoclonal antibody is tested for conformance with characteristics of a standard reagent. Representative flow cytometric data is included in this data sheet

## Warning

All products contain sodiumazide. This chemical is poisonous and hazardous. Handling should be done by trained staff only.

## References

- 1. Brooks, DA, et al. Human lymphocyte markers defined by antibodies derived from somatic cell hybrids. IV. A monoclonal antibody reacting specifically with a subpopulation of human B lymphocytes. Journal of Immunology. 1981;126:1373-1377.
- 2. Serke, S, et al. Monoclonal antibody FMC7 detects a conformational epitope on the CD20 molecule: evidence from phenotyping after rituxan therapy and transfectant cell analyses. Cytometry. 2001:46:98-104.
- 3. Polyak, MJ, et al. A cholesterol-dependent CD20 epitope detected by the FMC7 antibody. Leukemia. 2003;17:1384-1389.

# **Explanation of used symbols**

Consult instructions for use

REF
Catalogue number

V
Sufficient for
IN Vitro Diagnostic medical device

△
Caution, consult accompanying document

Keep away from (sun)light

Biological risks

Temperature limitation (°C)

RUO
For Research Use Only

Batch code

Use by yyyy-mm-dd
Manufacturer

Authorized Representative in the European Community
Conformité Européenne (European Conformity)

		Label - tandem	Ex -max (nm)	Em -max (nm)
P	PURE	purified material	-	-
F	FITC	FITC	488	519
R	R-PE	PE	488, 532	578
С	CyQ	PE-Cy5.18	488, 532	667
Α	APC		595, 633, 635, 647	660
PC	PerCP		488, 532	678
PCC	PerCP-Cy5.5		488, 532	695

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ght fluorescence



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IQP-557 - FMC-7 (FMC-7)